No.

## CR-07-00373-RMW

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT CO

E-FILMGNORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 1 8 2008

SAN JOSE DIVISION

RICHARD W. WIEKING CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

## THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VS.

## **NED ROSCOE** and JOHN ROSCOE

## **INDICTMENT**

**COUNT ONE:** 

18 U.S.C. §§ 371 - Conspiracy to Commit Bank

Fraud, and to Make False Statements to a Bank

**COUNTS TWO-SIX:** 

18 U.S.C. §§ 1344 and 2 - Bank Fraud and Aiding

and Abetting

**COUNTS SEVEN-ELEVEN:** 

18 U.S.C. §§ 1014 and 2 - False Statements to Bank

and Aiding and Abetting

A true bill.

Foreperson

Filed in open court this 18

A.D. 200 8

United States Magistrate Judge

Summons Returnable for 6/30/08 at 6

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- R.M. was the chief financial officer of the Company. 4.
- Comerica Bank (also referred to as the "Bank") was a financial institution 5. headquartered in San Jose, California, and was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

COUNT ONE: (18 U.S.C. § 371 - Conspiracy to Commit Bank Fraud, and to Make False Statements to a Bank)

Paragraphs 1 through 5 of this Superseding Indictment are realleged and 6. incorporated as if fully set forth here.

#### Background of the Scheme to Defraud

- The Company received an asset-based line of credit (or, "loan") from Comerica 7. Bank whereby the Bank lent funds to the Company based on, among other things, the value of the Company's inventory. The Company supplied the Bank with information about the value of its inventory periodically in borrowing base certificate reports, as specified in the loan agreement, to show whether the Company had a higher loan balance than its inventory justified. If the borrowing base certificates did not support the existing loan balance, the Bank could require the Company to repay the excess amount.
- When the Company obtained a revolving line of credit ("the loan agreement") 8. from Comerica Bank, the loan agreement initially permitted the Company to borrow up to 70% of the value of its current inventory for the period covered by the report, referred to as the Company's "borrowing base." Under the terms of the loan agreement, the Company was initially required to submit its inventory borrowing base reports (or, "borrowing base certificates") every month.
- The Company began experiencing financial difficulties in approximately 2001, 9, due at least in part to rapid growth of the business and increased operating costs. The Company had to close some of its stores, leading to a decrease in inventory. As inventory decreased, under the terms of the loan, the amount of money the Company could continue to borrow from the Bank decreased; also, the Company was vulnerable to having to pay back the amounts it had already borrowed from the Bank. Comerica Bank began to monitor the loan to the Company

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more closely. For example, the Bank shifted the oversight of the Company's loan to its special assets group for closer scrutiny of the Company's compliance with the terms of the loan, and the borrowing base was reduced from 70% to 65% of the value of the Company's inventory, with a cap of \$21 million available on the line of credit, which thereby decreased the amount of money the Company could borrow on the line of credit. Also, Comerica Bank now required the Company to submit its inventory borrowing base reports more frequently, e.g., on a weekly basis.

- It was part of the scheme that, from approximately December 2002 through 10. November 2003, Ned Roscoe and John Roscoe knowingly submitted, or had submitted, to the Bank financial statements - borrowing base reports - which falsely and fraudulently inflated and overstated the value of the Company's inventory to induce the Bank to loan the Company more money, conceal the earlier false statements of inventory value in previously submitted reports, and to avoid having to pay the loan down. It was further a part of the scheme that when Ned Roscoe and John Roscoe finally provided an amended borrowing base report reflecting the correct inventory value to the Bank, they provided a false explanation to the Bank about why the previous borrowing base reports contained inflated inventory values in order to avoid having to pay down the loan, conceal the earlier false statements of inventory value in previously submitted reports, and to continue to induce the Bank to loan the Company more money.
- In approximately May-June 2003, R.M. met with defendants Ned and John 11. Roscoe. R.M. told the defendants that he did not want to sign a borrowing base report to be filed in this period of time because it overstated the Company's inventory. In response, Ned Roscoe took the report from R.M., signed it, and faxed it to the Bank.
- Thereafter, the defendants continued to have fraudulently inflated inventory 12. amounts reported in the Company's borrowing base reports submitted to the Bank. As a result, from May-June 2003 to November 2003, the defendants caused the Bank to extend approximately \$10.6 million of loans in excess of the amount the Bank would have lent based on the Company's true borrowing base inventory, concealed the earlier false statements of inventory value in previously submitted reports, and avoided having to pay the loan down.
  - The defendants caused the Company to report fraudulently inflated figures to 13.

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Comerica Bank in a variety of ways, including as follows:

- In September 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with another tobacco company, hereinafter referred to as B.T., in which Ned Roscoe, on behalf of the Company, requested B.T. to invoice purchases of R.B. cigarettes at \$27.64 per carton. The Company actually paid B.T. \$6.80 per carton of R.B. cigarettes. The cost the Company later reported to Comerica Bank in its borrowing base certificates dated September 26, 2003, October 3, 2003, November 7, 2003, and November 14, 2003 was not the actual cost of \$6.80 per carton, but rather the inflated invoice cost of \$27.64 per carton. These fraudulent misrepresentations accounted for more than \$1 million in overstatements in these borrowing base inventory certificates the Company made to Comerica Bank.
- According to the loan agreement, cigarettes at Company stores were required to be valued at cost in the borrowing base certificates. Despite this requirement, the Company reported the retail value of the cigarettes in the borrowing base reports submitted during August 22, 2003-November 14, 2003. Such reporting accounted for more than \$2 million dollars in deliberate overstatements in these borrowing base inventory reports.
- According to the loan agreement, the Company was only permitted to include c. cigarette products in its borrowing base inventory reports under certain circumstances -- that is, once the cigarettes had been delivered to the Company's warehouse, or once the Company had taken possession of cigarette products while they were in transit to the Company's retail stores. However, the borrowing base reports, including but not limited to those dated November 7, 2003, and November 14, 2003, included cigarette products that had not yet been manufactured and that had not yet been delivered to the warehouse. The fraudulent misrepresentations described in this sub-paragraph resulted in approximately \$6 to \$7 million dollars in overstatements in these weekly borrowing base inventory reports submitted to Comerica Bank.
- In November 2003, R.M. met with Ned and John Roscoe to discuss R.M.'s 14. concern that the Company's inventory reports submitted to Comerica Bank continued to overstate the value of the Company's inventory. John Roscoe told R.M. that he was being too conservative and that he (R.M.) was just "worried about going to jail," or words to that effect.

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After the meeting described in the above paragraph, in late November 2003, 15. Ned Roscoe instructed Company accountants to provide an analysis comparing the figures the Company had reported to the Bank and what should have been reported under a "strict interpretation" of the loan agreement's borrowing base provisions. On or about November 24, 2003, a Company accountant reported that, as of November 14, 2003, the discrepancy between the inventory figures the Company had provided to the Bank and the correct figure was approximately \$16.5 million instead of \$32 million, as the Company had earlier reported. After reviewing the report and discussing it with R.M., Ned and John Roscoe agreed to falsely inform Comerica Bank officials that differences in their previously submitted inventory reports were the result of "clerical or accounting errors" only.

#### The Conspiracy

In and between approximately May-June of 2003 and November 2003, in the 16. Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendants,

#### NED ROSCOE and JOHN ROSCOE,

did knowingly and intentionally conspire with each other, and with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit an offense against the United States, to wit, bank fraud, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1344, and making false statements to a financial institution, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1014.

### Objects of the Conspiracy

- It was a part and object of the conspiracy that the defendants, and others known 17. and unknown to the Grand Jury, would and did, knowingly, and with the intent to defraud, execute and attempt to execute a scheme and artifice to defraud a financial institution, and to obtain the moneys, funds, credits, assets, securities, and other property owned by and under the custody and control of a financial institution by making false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, knowing that the pretenses, representations and promises were false and material, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1344.
  - It was a further part and object of the conspiracy that defendants, and others 18.

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known and unknown to the Grand Jury, would and did, knowingly make and cause to be made false financial statements and reports, and willfully overvalued land, property, and security for the purpose of influencing the actions of a financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, to wit, Comerica Bank, with respect to extending the loan, deferring action upon it, and modifying it in an application, advance, purchase, purchase agreement, repurchase agreement, commitment, and loan, and any change or extension of any of the same, by renewal, deferment of action and otherwise, in that the defendants overstated the value of the current inventory of the Company in borrowing bank certificate reports submitted to the Bank, when in truth and in fact, as the defendants well knew, the value of said inventory was less than reported in the borrowing bank certificates, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1014.

#### Manner and Methods of the Conspiracy

Among the means and methods by which the defendants, and others known and 19. unknown, would and did carry out the conspiracy were the following: the defendants, and others known and unknown, knowingly overstated the value of the inventory, or "borrowing base," of the Company, in submitting borrowing base certificate reports (which were to reflect the current inventory level of the Company) to the Bank, in order to induce the Bank to loan the Company additional money, conceal the earlier false statements of inventory value in previously submitted reports, and to avoid having to pay down the loan.

### Overt Acts Committed in Furtherance of the Conspiracy

- In furtherance of the conspiracy, and to effect the illegal objects thereof, the 20. defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, committed the following overt acts, among others, on or about the dates set forth below:
- In or around May-June 2003, Ned and John Roscoe met with R.M., who **a**.. stated his concern that the Company was reporting inaccurate and inflated figures in its borrowing base inventory reports to Comerica Bank.
- In or around May-June 2003, Ned Roscoe signed and faxed a b. borrowing base report to Comerica Bank that overstated the value of the Company's inventory.
  - On or about August 22, 2003, Ned Roscoe signed and had faxed a c.

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borrowing base report to Comerica Bank which reflected a bill-in value of inventory in excess of cost and which valued the Company's inventory at retail rather than cost.

- In September 2003, Ned Roscoe entered into a product purchase đ. agreement with B.T., and caused B.T. to invoice the Company in amounts greater than what the Company had actually paid for cigarettes purchased from B.T. - that is, at \$27.64 a carton instead of \$6.80 a carton.
- In September 2003, Ned Roscoe had a borrowing base certificate e. report faxed to Comerica Bank, which contained inflated values of cigarette purchases from B.T.
- In late November 2003, the defendants falsely informed and caused f. others to falsely inform Comerica Bank officials that overstatements in weekly borrowing base inventory reports were due to "clerical or accounting errors."

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371. COUNTS TWO THROUGH SIX: (18 U.S.C. §§ 1344 and 2 - Bank Fraud and Aiding and

The factual allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 5, 7 through 15, and 20 21. are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here.

#### Executions of the Scheme

In and between about May-June 2003 and November 2003, in the Northern 22. District of California, and elsewhere, the defendants,

#### NED ROSCOE and JOHN ROSCOE,

did knowingly, and with the intent to defraud, execute and attempt to execute a scheme and artifice to defraud a financial institution, to wit, Comerica Bank, the deposits of which were at the time insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and to obtain the moneys, funds, credits, assets, and other properties owned by and under the custody and control of said financial institution by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, as set forth below:

Count	Approximate Date of Borrowing Base Inventory Report Sent to Comerica Bank	Description of Fraudulent Representation n Borrowing Base Inventory Report
2	August 22,2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of cigarettes.
3	September 26, 2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of cigarettes. Inflated cost of B.T. cigarettes reported instead of actual cost.
4	October 3, 2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of cigarettes. Inflated cost of B.T. cigarettes reported instead of actual cost.
5	November 7, 2003	Retail value instead of actual cost of cigarettes reported. Also inflated in-transit inventory and cost of B.T. cigarettes.
6	November 14, 2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of cigarettes. Also inflated in-transit inventory and cost of B.T. cigarettes

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1344 and 2.

COUNTS SEVEN THROUGH ELEVEN: (18 U.S.C. §§ 1014 and 2 - False Statements to Bank and Aiding and Abetting

- 23. The factual allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 5 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here.
- 24. In and between about May-June 2003 and November 2003, in the Northern District of California, and elsewhere, the defendants,

## NED ROSCOE and JOHN ROSCOE,

did knowingly make and cause to be made false financial statements and reports, and willfully overvalued land, property, and security for the purpose of influencing the actions of a financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, to wit, Comerica Bank, with respect to extending the loan, deferring action upon it, and modifying it, in an application,

advance, discount, purchase, purchase agreement, repurchase agreement, commitment, and loan, and any change or extension of any of the same, by renewal, deferment of action or otherwise, in that the defendants overstated the value of the current inventory of the Company in borrowing bank certificate reports submitted to the Bank, when in truth and in fact, as the defendants well knew, the value of said inventory was less than reported in the borrowing bank certificates, as set forth below:

7	Count	Approximate Date of	Description of Fraudulent Representation n
8		Borrowing Base Inventory Report Sent to Comerica	Borrowing Base Inventory Report
9		Bank	
10	7	August 22,2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of
11			cigarettes.
12	8	September 26, 2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of cigarettes. Inflated cost of B.T. cigarettes reported
13			instead of actual cost.
14	9	October 3, 2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of cigarettes. Inflated cost of B.T. cigarettes reported
15			instead of actual cost.
16	10	November 7, 2003	Retail value instead of actual cost of cigarettes reported. Also inflated in-transit inventory and cost
17			of B.T. cigarettes.
18	11	November 14, 2003	Retail value reported instead of actual cost of cigarettes. Also inflated in-transit inventory and cost of B.T. cigarettes
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1	All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1014 and 2.
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3	DATED: 6/18/08
4	FOREPERSON
5	FOREPERSON
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7	JOSEPH P. RUSSIONELLO United States Attorney
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10	MATTHEW A. PARRELLA
11	Chief, San Jose Branch Office
12	Cho
13	Approved as to form: AUSA Choi
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AO 257 (Rev. 6/78)				
DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO A CRIMINAL ACTION - IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT				
BY: COMPLAINT INFORMATION INDICTMENT	Name of District Court, and/or Judge/Magistrate Location NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
OFFENSE CHARGED				
SEE ATTACHMENT	DEFENDANT - U.S			
Petty				
∐ Minor         Misde-	NED ROSCOE  JUN 1 x8 7008			
	DISTRICT COURT NUMBER			
PENALTY Felony	RICHARD W. WIFKING			
PENALTY	CR 07-00373 RMW  CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
SEE ATTACHMENT	SAN JOSE			
	DEFENDANT			
	IS NOT IN CUSTODY			
PROCEEDING Name of Complaintant Agency, or Person (&Title, if any)	Has not been arrested, pending outcome this proceeding.			
	If not detained give date any prior summons was served on above charges			
S/A Rob Gunderson - FBI				
person is awaiting trial in another Federal or State	2) Is a Fugitive			
Court, give name of court	3) Is on Bail or Release from (show District)			
u l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	Northern District of California			
this person/proceeding is transferred from another district per (circle one) FRCrP 20, 21 or 40. Show	to III OUGTODY			
District	IS IN CUSTODY			
	4) On this charge			
this is a reprosecution of	5) On another conviction			
charges previously dismissed which were dismissed on SHOW	6) Awaiting trial on other Fed'l State			
motion of: DOCKET NO.	If answer to (6) is "Yes", show name of institution			
U.S. Att'y Defense	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
this prosecution relates to a				
pending case involving this same defendant MAGISTRATE	Has detainer Yes   If "Yes"   give date			
prior proceedings or appearance(s) CASE NO.	been filed? No J give date filed			
before U.S. Magistrate regarding this defendant were recorded under	DATE OF Month/Day/Year			
I had defendant nere reserved.	ARREST			
Name and Office of Person	Or if Arresting Agency & Warrant were not			
Furnishing Information on JOSEPH P. RUSSONIELLO	, Month/Dav/Year			
THIS FORM  U.S. Att'y Other U.S. Agency	DATE TRANSFERRED TO U.S. CUSTODY			
	10 0.0. 000 100 1			
Name of Asst. U.S. Att'y (if assigned) EUMI CHOI	This report amends AO 257 previously submitted			
PROCESS:	RMATION OR COMMENTS			
If Summons, complete following:  Arraignment  Initial Appearance  *Where defendant previously apprehended on complaint, no new summons				
Defendant Address:	ant needed, since Magistrate has scheduled arraignment			
Mark Eibert, Esq. for defendant Ned Roscoe	Date/Time: 6/30/08 9:00am			
177 Bovet Road, 6th floor				
San Mateo, CA 94402	Before Judge: Whyte			
Comments.				
The state of the s				

18 U.S.C. §§ 371 - Conspiracy to Commit

Bank Fraud, and to Make False Statements

to a Bank

PENALTIES:

5 years imprisonment

\$250,000 fine

3 years supervised release \$100 special assessment fee

COUNTS TWO-SIX:

18 U.S.C. §§ 1344 and 2 - Bank Fraud and

Aiding and Abetting

PENALTIES:

30 years imprisonment

\$1,000,000 fine

5 years supervised release \$100 special assessment fee

COUNTS SEVEN-ELEVEN:

18 U.S.C. §§ 1014 and 2 - False Statements

to Bank and Aiding and Abetting

PENALTIES:

30 years imprisonment

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5 years supervised release \$100 special assessment fee

AO 257 (Rev. 6/78)  DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO A CRIMINAL ACTION - IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT					
DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO A C					
BY: ☐ COMPLAINT ☐ INFORMATION ☑ INDICTMENT ☐ SUPERSEDING	Name of District Court, and/or Judge/Magistrate Location NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
OFFENSE CHARGED					
SEE ATTACHMENT	DEFENDANT - U.S.				
Minor	JOHN ROSCOE				
Misde- meanor	JUN 1/8 2008				
▼ Felony	DISTRICT COURT NUMBER				
PENALTY:	RICHARD W. WIEKING CR 07-00373 RMW CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT				
SEE ATTACHMENT	CR 07-00373 RMW CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE				
SEE ATTACHIMENT	3,11,0352				
	DEFENDANT				
	IS NOT IN CUSTODY				
PROCEEDING  PROCEEDING  A PROCEEDING  PROCEEDING  PROCEEDING	Has not been arrested, pending outcome this proceeding.				
Name of Complaintant Agency, or Person (&Title, if any)  S/A Rob Gunderson - FBI	If not detained give date any prior summons     was served on above charges				
	2) Is a Fugitive				
person is awaiting trial in another Federal or State Court, give name of court	3) Is on Bail or Release from (show District)				
	Northern District of California				
this person/proceeding is transferred from another district per (circle one) FRCrP 20, 21 or 40. Show	IS IN CUSTODY				
District	4) On this charge				
this is a reprosecution of	5) On another conviction				
charges previously dismissed which were dismissed on SHOW	6) Awaiting trial on other Fed'l State				
motion of:  DOCKET NO.  DOCKET NO.	If answer to (6) is "Yes", show name of institution				
this prosecution relates to a					
pending case involving this same defendant MAGISTRATE	Has detainer Yes   If "Yes" give date				
prior proceedings or appearance(s) CASE NO.  before U.S. Magistrate regarding	illeu				
this defendant were recorded under	DATE OF Month/Day/Year ARREST				
Name and Office of Person	Or if Arresting Agency & Warrant were not				
Furnishing Information on JOSEPH P. RUSSONIELLO	Month/Day/Year  DATE TRANSFERRED				
U.S. Att'y Other U.S. Agency	TO U.S. CUSTODY				
Name of Asst. U.S. Att'y (if assigned) EUMI CHOI	This report amends AO 257 previously submitted				
ADDITIONAL INFOR	MATION OR COMMENTS —————				
PROCESS:					
SUMMONS NO PROCESS* WARRANT Bail Amount:					
If Summons, complete following:					
Arraignment Initial Appearance *Where defendant previously apprehended on complaint, no new summons or warrant needed, since Magistrate has scheduled arraignment					
Defendant Address:					
108 Locust Street, Suite 7					
Santa Cruz, CA 95060	Before Judge: Whyte				
Comments:					

COUNT ONE:

18 U.S.C. §§ 371 - Conspiracy to Commit

Bank Fraud, and to Make False Statements

to a Bank

PENALTIES:

5 years imprisonment

\$250,000 fine

3 years supervised release \$100 special assessment fee

**COUNTS TWO-SIX:** 

18 U.S.C. §§ 1344 and 2 - Bank Fraud and

Aiding and Abetting

PENALTIES:

30 years imprisonment

\$1,000,000 fine

5 years supervised release \$100 special assessment fee

**COUNTS SEVEN-ELEVEN:** 

18 U.S.C. §§ 1014 and 2 - False Statements

to Bank and Aiding and Abetting

PENALTIES:

30 years imprisonment

\$1,000,000 fine

5 years supervised release \$100 special assessment fee